

Quiz #3

Please print your name:

Problem 1. Consider the region in the first quadrant bounded by the curves $y = \sqrt{x}$ and $y = x$.

Use the shell method to find the volume of the solid generated by revolving this region about the y -axis.

Solution. First, make a sketch! Note that the region extends from $x = 0$ to $x = 1$ (if this is not clear from the sketch, you can compute the intersection of $y = \sqrt{x}$ and $y = x$: $\sqrt{x} = x$ has solutions $x = 0, 1$).

Note that, if we take vertical cross-sections, then we get cylindrical shells after revolving.

The shell at position x has radius x and height $\sqrt{x} - x$. Given a thickness of dx , it therefore has (approximate) volume $2\pi x(\sqrt{x} - x)dx$. Hence, the total volume is

$$\int_0^1 2\pi x(\sqrt{x} - x)dx = 2\pi \int_0^1 (x^{3/2} - x^2)dx = 2\pi \left[\frac{2}{5}x^{5/2} - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \right]_0^1 = 2\pi \left(\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{2\pi}{15}.$$

Alternatively. Here is how the washer method looks like for the same problem. In this case, we consider horizontal cross-sections from $y = 0$ to $y = 1$ (see sketch). The washers have outer radius y and inner radius y^2 ($y = \sqrt{x}$ is equivalent to $x = y^2$). Hence, their cross-sectional area is $\pi y^2 - \pi y^4 = \pi(y^2 - y^4)$. Overall, the total volume is again

$$\int_0^1 \pi(y^2 - y^4)dy = \pi \left[\frac{1}{3}y^3 - \frac{1}{5}y^5 \right]_0^1 = \pi \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{5} \right) = \frac{2\pi}{15}.$$